Using Convexity

Definition

Convexity is the outward curving of the skin barrier and is designed to interface with the immediate peristomal skin. Convex skin barriers promote a good fit between the ostomy pouching system and the peristomal skin where flat barriers would be unsuccessful. This is achieved as the convexity barrier pushes on the surrounding skin, opens or flattens skin folds or helps the stoma protrude more.



Stoma that is below skin level



Convex skin barrier in place



- A secure and reliable seal between the peristomal skin and ostomy skin barrier is necessary to protect healthy peristomal skin from stoma discharge
- Skin barriers are either convex or flat. Convex simply describes the shape of the barrier
- Convexity may be recommended to increase the wear time of the ostomy pouching system



- A simple patient assessment methodology can assist in determining the need for convexity. Refer to the Hollister Fit Indicator Tool
- Assessing when convexity is required should be done in consultation with an ostomy care nurse
- · Ideally the patient should be assessed in the sitting position
- The pouch should be removed prior to assessment

Convexity May be Considered When:

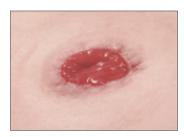
- Stoma Assessment
- Liquid/Loose stoma output
- The opening of the stoma is at or below the skin surface
- The opening of the stoma is off-center
- The stoma protrudes <3/4" (20mm) or is retracted below the skin surface
- The stoma becomes flush/retracted during peristalsis (telescopes)
- · Peristomal Assessment
- The peristomal topography is uneven or irregular
- The abdominal tone is flaccid



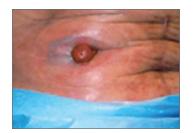
Off Centered Stoma Opening



Retracted Stoma



Flush Stoma



Uneven/Irregular



Flaccid Abdomen

OSTOMY CARE TIPS

Using Convexity

Convex Products

- Convexity can either be built into the pouching system (integrated) or added with an accessory to the skin barrier
- · Convexity is available in one-piece and two-piece options
- Convexity is available in pre-sized or cut-to-fit options
- Note: When using cut-to-fit options for oval or irregular shape stomas, choose
 a barrier that is closest to the largest measurement so the convex curvature of
 the barrier is as close to the stoma as possible
- Soft convexity can be integrated into the pouching system or created by adding a convex barrier ring to a flat one-piece pouching system (Refer to Ostomy Care Tip on Adapt convex barrier rings)
- Firm convexity can be integrated into the pouching system or created by adding a convex barrier ring to a convex barrier to deepen the curvature when necessary

Convexity Considerations

- Selecting the right convex product may require regular reassessment of products used, condition of the peristomal skin and the pouching system wear time
- Some ostomy care nurses recommend an ostomy belt to enhance the effect of the convexity. (Refer to the Ostomy Care Tip for Adapt ostomy belts)
- The following peristomal conditions do not preclude the use of convex products, however, caution and frequent reassessment is recommended in patients with:

- Crohn's ulcers

- Parastomal hernia

- Pyoderma Gangrenosum
- Caput medusa (peristomal varices)
- Pressure injury
- Patients should be encouraged to contact an ostomy care nurse if there are stomal/ peristomal changes, pouching system leakage or weight gain/loss



Soft integrated convex barrier



Soft convexity created by adding a convex barrier ring to flat skin barrier



Firm integrated convex barrier



Firm integrated convex barrier with convex barrier ring to deepen the curvature

Routine follow-up with your healthcare professional is recommended.

Prior to use, be sure to read the Instructions for Use for information regarding Intended Use, Contraindications, Warnings, Precautions, and Instructions.

References:

- "Patient Assessment Guidelines for Convexity" Hollister Incorporated © 2013
- "Developing Patient Assessment Guidelines for Convexity" Drolshagen et al. 2014 Poster Presentation, WOCN Conference, Nashville TN USA
- "Convex Pouching Systems: Best Practice Document for Patients WOCN 2012
- Use of Convexity in Pouching A Comprehensive Review Hoeflok J, Kittscha J, Purnell P. JWOCN 2012:40 (5):506-512
- "Adapt Convex Barrier Rings" Ostomy Care Tip Hollister Incorporated © 2012
- Lyon, C. & Smith, A. 2010 Abdominal Stomas and Their Skin Disorders

(E Not all products are CE marked.

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